

DISPOSITIONS FOR EDUCATORS

DISPOSITIONS are the attitudes, perceptions or beliefs that form the basis for behavior.

The five primary dispositional areas identified for EIU educator candidates are:

- Interactions with Students
- Professional Ethics and Practices
- Effective Communication
- Planning and Teaching for Student Learning
- Sensitivity to Diversity and Equity

Interaction with Students (IWS) Interaction with students encompasses those behaviors that evidence the candidate's regard for the learners. These include acts of fairness, respectful tone of voice, positive use of humor, and interest in students as individuals. In addition, candidates should evidence a supportive and encouraging atmosphere for learning through their interactions with students.

Professional Ethics and Practices (PEP) Professional ethics and practices are often the most easily observed of the dispositional behaviors. Respect for the professional environment is evidenced through acceptable dress and grooming, and timeliness, not only in arrival and departure, but in completion of tasks. Appropriate use of language, academic integrity and honesty, and the ability to keep professional confidences are in this dispositional category.

Effective Communication (EC) Easily identified as a skill domain, effective communication within a dispositional framework refers to one's regard for honest, fair, and accurate communication. Effective communication encompasses the belief that teachers must model effective communication for their students. Honorable and non-judgmental professional discourse, especially in relation to the candidate's progress, is essential for growth. Effective communication considers the audience as well as the message.

Planning and Teaching for Student Learning (PTSL) Planning and teaching for student learning in the dispositional arena refers to the beliefs about student learning and how these are evidenced in the acts of planning and teaching. Positive dispositions in this area are reflected in rich and varied teaching approaches.

Sensitivity to Diversity and Equity (SDE) Sensitivity to diversity and equity goes beyond the acknowledgement or awareness of differences in the classroom or community. A positive disposition in this area may be evidenced by seeking out alternative materials, careful use of appropriate language and naming, equal disbursement of resources, and a lack of ethnocentric or gender-specific generalizations.

